

GERMANY PLOTTING FOR REVIVAL OF PEACE TREATY



BOYS GET USEFUL TUITION. At the McKelvey School, Pittsburgh, State Public Schools, the boys engaged in manual training work actually build their own houses, make their own furniture, grow and can their vegetables, and yet stand head of any school in their academic work. The girls, at the same time, make their own dresses in school hours. Boys are here seen at work.

REDS GROWING STRONGER IN THE RUHR DISTRICT

Two Crack Ebert Regiments Forced Back After Battle 8,000 Killed in the Revolt in Germany

(A. P. Special Cable.)  
Berlin, March 22.—(Havas).—Negotiations between members of the Ebert Government and party leaders of the German National Assembly and delegates of workers, which have been going on at Berlin, are declared in an official British report to have been interrupted because of an increase in the claims of the workers. Spartan forces still control Stettin, Dusseldorf, Elberfeld and Essen, where great disorder prevails. The situation in Kiel and southwest Germany is quiet, but some agitation is reported in agricultural sections of Pomerania and Mecklenburg. Eight thousand persons have been killed since the German revolt broke out on March 13, according to advices received here. Of this number 850 were killed in Berlin alone.

**RUHR REVOLT WORSE.**  
Berlin, March 21.—The Ministry of Defense informed the correspondent this morning that the conditions in the Ruhr district were becoming worse. The towns of Oelde, Ahlen and Drenthe, in Westphalia, southeast of Münster, had been taken by the Communists. It was stated, and the movement was spreading north and east. Picked battles have been fought, the Ministry's information showed, and two crack regiments of Government troops have been forced to fall back on the fortress of Wesel, on the right bank of the Rhine, 22 miles northeast of Düsseldorf. Further disorders are expected on both sides. Ten officers of the red army, it was added, were slain and 100 were wounded.

**SPARTAN VETERAN SOLDIERS.**  
Paris, March 22.—Spartan forces in the Ruhr valley of Germany number at least 20,000, and some estimate them at 30,000, according to latest advices received at the Foreign Office here. They are well organized, being composed of old shock troops and veterans, supplied with artillery, machine-guns, and mine-throwers, and having batteries of 75-centimeter field guns, with plenty of ammunition. Ebert Government authorities are concentrating troops and planning to retake the Ruhr valley and force the Spartans to capitulate. These men, however, are younger and less skilled than the Reds. The occupation of the Ruhr district by German troops is in direct violation of Article 42 and 43 of the Treaty of Versailles, which added to the comment that this was the first act committed by Germany in

AFRAID TO GO AFTER SECOND CAR PAYMENT

Bertram Johnston Said to Have Made This Admission. SENT UP FOR TRIAL

Peculiar O. T. A. Case in Police Court This Morning.

Bertram Johnston, of Toronto, was committed for trial in high court, by Magistrate Jeffs, this morning, on a charge of theft of a Ford auto, the property of William Stewart, on the 15th of November, 1919. Johnston was arrested in Toronto, last Friday, and brought back to this city by Detective Sherry. The detective stated in Toronto, Johnston admitted that he, and another man, had stolen the car, and sold it at a garage, receiving \$50 down. But after getting the first payment, he was afraid to go back for the rest. The complaint was made by Stewart, who stated that he had charged Johnston the car, and had stolen the car.

The charge of a breach of the O. T. A. preferred against a Grimby man, by P. C. McAdam, was dropped. McAdam stated that at the station, he received a phone message from the accused, stating that he had found a hand-bag. The officer went to the hotel where the man was stopping, and found him intoxicated. The man was hired by the Grimby man, and was taken to the station. "On the way to the station he refused to carry the bag, and set it down on the sidewalk. Then he threw away a bottle," stated the constable. "Well, if he had not thrown it away, he would have found the whiskey. So he is charged," replied the magistrate.

Alfred Bess, 145 Huron street east, accused of being drunk and assaulting John Vauzelle, was fined \$20, on the first charge, the second was laid over, to be re-opened if the complainant so desires. A son of the complainant stated that he was the desire to have his charge dropped, they had been drunk at the time, and nothing could be done.

Fines of 100 each for drunkenness were imposed on Harry Robb, 217 Caroline street north and Aftanah Walchuk, Toronto. The charge of refusing to pay tax on a car, was dropped. The car was owned by Powell, 325 John street north, was dropped, the car having been sold out of the country.

Charles Estlin, motorman on the 1133 radial car from Oakville, was almost instantly killed last night when he leaped from his vestibule step to view the action of the trolley pole at the car was in motion, crossing the Oakville bridge. The crash against the bridge, which was in motion, caused the car to fall into the water. The man was killed instantly. The car was carrying a full complement of passengers. The accident occurred at about 10:30 p.m.

LIBERAL HEAD AS MEDIATOR

(Canadian Press Wire.)  
Montreal, March 22.—(By the Canadian Press)—Mr. Matt Gleason, of Washington, author of the no-strike measure in the United States, was in Montreal last night, en route to Ottawa, where he will seek to obtain the assistance of Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, leader of the House of Commons, and the new leader of the Liberal Party in Canada, to act as a co-mediator to settle the Baltimore dry dock strike, which, involving nearly 10,000 men, has been in effect for the past five weeks. The other name suggested as a mediator is John D. Rockefeller, Jr.

**WISE BIRDS**  
Ducks Know When Shooting Season Opens. A lot has been said about animals and birds having sense, the subject has been thoroughly discussed at different times, and those in doubt about wild ducks having sense of danger and location, should take in early morning radial ride along the beach route. At present there are hundreds of wild ducks to be seen, but during the open season for shooting not one can be found. A duck shooter who has been up the situation in a few words: "Don't it beat the band when the duck shooting season opens and all those beauties disappear never to return until the season is closed again?"

CIVIL WAR IS IN SIGHT IN IRELAND

London Papers Says Irish Outrages Will Force Re-conquering. NO CLUES YET

Motive of Murder of Cork Mayor is Still a Mystery.

(A. P. Special Cable.)  
London, March 22.—Despatches from Ireland during the week-end show the murder of Thomas MacCarthy, Lord Mayor of Cork, to have produced a profound and intense, if subdued, sensation throughout Ireland. This tragedy, says the London Times correspondent in Dublin, closed one of the blackest weeks since the rebellion of 1916. His grave is a death list, of outrages in various parts of the island, including five murders of policemen and others, and an attempt to kill Professor Buckley, of Cork. A Dublin constabulary was created by the assassination of Lord Mayor MacCarthy, and the motive of the murder remains as mysterious as ever. No arrests have been reported, nor, so far as known, have any clues to the perpetrators been obtained. Among theories advanced is one that Lord Mayor MacCarthy was murdered as a warning to others, because he recently had the courage to publicly denounce an attempt to murder a policeman in Cork.

London has been deeply stirred by the incident, and newspapers have unreservedly condemned the crime. It is stated it does not differ from those which have long terrorized Ireland. It is declared Ireland, for the moment, is largely under the domination of secret murder societies, the members of which are sworn to kill those they believe to stand in their way, but who the conspirators are, puzzles the police, much the public. It is remarked as a phenomenon that where murder societies exist, murders are as much as the public. It is remarked as a phenomenon that where murder societies exist, murders are as much as the public. It is remarked as a phenomenon that where murder societies exist, murders are as much as the public.

Even newspapers which support Home Rule, while condemning what they regard as the present evil system of Irish Government, also denounce Irishmen themselves for conducting methods which, they say, are fast establishing a condition of anarchy and terrorism, under which their own leaders may soon be powerless to deliver them. The anti-Home Rule Morning Post again attacks the Government today and denounces Field Marshal French and James MacPherson, saying: "They are bringing about the hideous necessity of reconquering Ireland by force of arms," and that "civil war is inevitable."

**BISHOP OF CORK WARNS.**  
Cork, Ireland, March 22.—The police force of Cork will be increased on Monday by large drafts of men from various districts. The Catholic Bishop of Cork, in his address at the cathedral yesterday, said the country had received a terrible shock in the murder of the Lord Mayor, but that he advised that no reprisals be made. Ireland's cause could not be advanced by outrages, he said. The only party to derive advantage from the crime was in Ireland was the party which always had refused, and still was refusing, freedom to Ireland. The bishop denounced the action by the military of houses after the murder, and called on the military to apologize to the city. The Protestant Bishop and other ministers also denounced the murder from their pulpits yesterday.

To Clean Wall Paper

Wall paper, window blinds, fresco work, etc. can be cleaned and brightened by using Electric Wall Paper Cleaner. It removes all dirt, grime without smearing or running. It is easy to use. It costs 20c per can, 2 for 35c at Parks & Pinks Limited, Market Square.



AT THE G. W. V. A. CONVENTION. Some prominent delegates at the Provincial Convention of the G.W.V.A. in Peterboro. They are, left to right, top row: J. H. Martin, special representative from Manitoba; J. H. Hoesack, Westboro, and Rev. S. E. McKenney, Clinton; centre, J. A. D. Stelmis, Brantford. Bottom row: R. H. Blair, President, Peterboro G.W.V.A.; C. R. Miles, Parkdale; J. McGregor, and J. E. Payne, President West Toronto Branch.

Benson the Man Who Was Ready For Britain

(Canadian Press Wire.)  
Washington, March 22.—Rear Admiral William S. Benson, then chief of the United States naval operations, was the official who told Rear Admiral Sims, "not to let the British pull the wool over your eyes; we would as soon fight them as the Germans," Admiral Sims testified to-day before the Senate committee investigating the navy's conduct of the war.

NEW KING OF SYRIA TAKES ACTION AGAINST ENTENTE

**Calls for Boycott in Arab Lands—French Troops Are in Peril.**  
(A. P. Special Cable.)  
Beirut, March 22.—(By the Associated Press)—Rifaat Pasha, the newly-elected King of Syria, has declared a boycott against countries occupying territory of Arab—France and England—and has organized a commission for the purpose of bringing Muslims and Christians into a better understanding.

Posters displayed at Damascus, where the Syrian Congress proclaimed the independence of that country, declared: "In spite of himself, the Moslem is brother to the Christian and the Jew. The Arabs existed before Christ. Religion is of God, and the fatherland belongs to his children." The Syrian Congress signed a decree asking foreigners to evacuate that region, and Palestine and Mesopotamia are reported to have been specifically included. A committee has been organized in Lebanon, which has issued a statement alleging that district was illegally reoccupied in the congress of Damascus when the independence of Syria was declared. Lebanon is a section of Syria supposed to be strictly loyal to France, and anxious for a French mandate, but the Turkish Nationalists

SERIOUS ACCIDENT

**John McAngus Whirled Around Shafting.**  
Mr. John McAngus, foreman in the American Canning Company's factory, met with a serious accident, and had a miraculous escape from death one day last week. While fixing some belting on a pulley or shaft, his clothes got caught and he was dragged into the belting and whirled round and round the shafting until his clothes were torn off his back. Before the machinery could be stopped he was whirled around a dozen times, and seriously lacerated and bruised, but no bones were broken. He was removed to his home at 22 East 21st street, Mount Vernon. He has suffered a great deal from his wounds, but as no bones are broken, he is expected to be soon able to get on in a short time.



ROYAL BABY CHRISTENED. Photo shows Princess Patricia and her husband leaving the church after the christening of their first-born.

German Propaganda to Revise Peace Pact

(A. P. Special Cable.)  
Paris, March 22.—Germans are preparing a formidable work propaganda in favor of a revision of the Versailles Treaty, and the holding of a new international conference, at which vanquished nations might be prepared for the object of changing or eliminating many clauses of the present treaty between the Allied Nations and Germany, according to a

German Propaganda to Revise Peace Pact

General despatch. A book, entitled "The Greatest Crime of Humanity," has been prepared, and ten million copies printed for free distribution, especially in England, France and the United States, and it is said that millions of other pamphlets along the same line will follow. The reactionary revolt in Berlin on March 13 put a temporary stop to the movement, it is said.

# BEIRUT HAS AGAIN BEEN QUETTED

State of Siege Raised, General Strike Called Off, Work Urged.

## TROOPS FOR RUHR

Ebert, Now in Capital, Sends Force Against Spartacists.

Stuttgart, March 21.—President Ebert is concentrating troops from South Germany against the Spartacists in the Ruhr Valley, and announces he will attack unless the Reds relinquish control.

The situation throughout Germany is calmer to-day, particularly in the districts where Soviets have been proclaimed.

Berlin, March 21.—President Ebert returned to Berlin from Stuttgart at 11 o'clock this morning. The entire staff has returned to work.

A manifesto issued to-day by the Reichstag declares a resumption of work now that all grounds for continuance of the strike have been removed.

Apparently the Communists have found themselves unable to muster sufficient force to attempt a concerted effort against Berlin.

The restored Government confidently predicts that the majority of striking workmen will return to their jobs on Monday.

The immensity of the damage caused in Germany by the revolution and the consequent uprising and the Government's present determination to prosecute the guilty were emphasized by President Ebert to-day.

He said that the situation in the Ruhr was not less serious than that in the East, and that it was the opinion of the President that the events of the last few days were not the end of the crisis in Germany.

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# NUREMBERG RESTORED

Stuttgart, March 21.—The city of Nuremberg has been restored to its normal state, and the streets are busy with traffic. The city is now in the hands of the Reichswehr.

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# What Should the Boy's Easter Suit Be?

If Easter Sunday were the only time you expect the boy to wear his new suit, you wouldn't need to bother him with the thought of the strength of the fabric and the thoroughness of the workmanship.

But he is going to wear it for months to come and you'll like it to hold its shape and to be as stylish looking for a long time as it is going to be the first time it is worn.

These Suits Will Give Good Service Long After Easter is Forgotten

Here are suits you can count on for wear. The boy will be proud to have one and you'll be proud of his appearance when he does.

The materials are very fine. Quite a lot of attractive patterns. The many styles which boys like so well.

Age 6 to 12 years. \$9.90 to \$18.00

Age 12 to 15 years. \$13.50 to \$27.00

Above lines are our best tailored lines, made from our highest grade wools.

We have a very good selection of more popular priced school suits at \$5.95 to \$7.75.

Boys' Caps

Spring Cloths

Newest shapes

75c and 95c

Boys' Spring Reefer Coats

A double-breasted, blue Irish serge, reefer, lined with box backings. Gold-plated buttons. Velvet, self or separate blue collar; ages 2 to 12 years; \$13.50 to \$18.00 at \$14.95.

The Best Store for Boys' Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes.

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# PEOPLE OF INDIA Church Has Now Chance to Christianize the Multi- tudes.

London, Monday, March 22.—The British Missionary Society, which has been working in India for many years, has now a chance to Christianize the multi-tudes.

# CASTE WIPED OUT

To Large Extent, Says a Noted Baptist Preacher.

Rev. H. E. Sullivan, general secretary of the Foreign Missionary Society, says that the caste system in India is being wiped out to a large extent.

# Form National Association at Ottawa.

Officers Named for Ensuing Year.

Ottawa, March 22.—Representative poultrymen from all parts of Canada in convention at Ottawa last week completed the organization of the Canadian National Poultry Association.

The association will be controlled by a board of twenty-two representatives from each province, together with the Dominion Poultry Husbandman, and the chief of the poultry division of the live stock branch of the Department of Agriculture.

The following officers were elected: President, H. R. Barnes, Ottawa; Vice-President, H. W. K. Brantford; Secretary, H. W. K. Brantford; Treasurer, H. W. K. Brantford.

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# NEW ONTARIO WANTS CHURCHES

They Will Offset Socialism and the Reds.

Rev. J. D. Byrnes at Central Presbyterian.

The building of churches and schools in New Ontario will offset the extreme Socialism and the Reds. The foreign-born in New Ontario have shown that they wanted schools and churches.

Rev. J. D. Byrnes, Minister of the Central Presbyterian Church, says that the church has a great opportunity to offset the extreme Socialism and the Reds.

# READY TO PAY ENTIRE DEBT

Lenine Declares Russia Will Not Welch.

London, March 21.—George Lashbury, editor of the Daily Herald, has back from a six months' tour of Soviet Russia, from which he has returned with a message that the Russians are ready to pay the entire debt to the Allies.

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MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1920.

## THE VERTICAL RETORT

Those who question the propriety or expediency of Hamilton launching out into a large expenditure for the purpose of building a plant to give the citizens an adequate supply of artificial gas should not forget that it has for many years been assumed that the citizens are entitled to a supply of water at a reasonable rate and perhaps at a lower rate than it would have received from a private company. They should also remember that for quite a few years now the city has been financing its own electric light and power and doing it at a profit and a lower rate than it ever had before. With this experience behind it, there is no reason to believe that it could not make a success of supplying the city with gas. There is nothing mysterious or novel about the manufacture of gas, nor is it difficult to figure out the cost or the profit of gas manufacturing.

We see no reason why the city should not embark in the scheme. We see reasons why it should. The present situation as to gas supply is intolerable and we see little sign of relief. There are, however, two matters that should be looked after before actively going into the erection of these retorts. The city should see what chance there is of getting a better supply of natural gas and we should see if it is possible to make an arrangement with the United Gas & Fuel Company. It should be possible to make a deal with it satisfactory to all parties, and thus eliminate any possible opposition. It would be unfortunate were no effort made to come to an agreement with Mr. Byrnes' company.

## MR. MORRIS' POSITION

The City Treasurer has developed into something like a three-act comedy. When Mr. Leckie announced his intention to retire from the Treasurer's office he recommended Mr. Dempster as his successor, believing him to be the best man in the city for the position. This was his privilege, but he was passed over by the Board of Control. Mr. Morris, who was his legitimate successor, was not to be recognized. The Board of Control agreed with Mr. Leckie that Mr. Dempster was the man for the job, but later it changed its view and elected Mr. W. H. Davis, a former employee under Mr. Leckie, and recommended to the Council his appointment. The Council refused to endorse the recommendation, and referred it back to the Board, with the request that a man for the job should be advertised for.

At this juncture, Mr. Thomas Morris, the Assistant Treasurer, appears in the limelight, expressing the opinion that he has been made the victim in the negotiations for a new Treasurer. He will apply for the position when it is advertised, and he has a lot of innovations or improvements to introduce in the office if chosen. If not appointed he may resign and try to enter the service of the city as an auditor or controller. The appointment of Mr. Morris would mean promotion all round. The question is, will he be qualified for the position? Mr. Morris might be able to show the Board that he is. We do not know any other man in the city who is more conversant with the affairs of the city than he is.

We do not know much about Mr. Morris' bookkeeping ability, but we believe that he is one of the best posted men in the city's service on municipal matters, and would be able to give the Board of Control much wise counsel. It seems that the Board is looking for a man not so much a bookkeeper, there are plenty of those, as one who is acquainted with the ups and downs of the money market, who knows something about marketing debentures. Well, we submit that there is something about these proceedings that could not be learned from any first-class stock broker. Mr. Morris has first knowledge of the city's financial standing and he knows the whole trend of the city's business.

It should be an easy matter for the Board of Control to find out Mr. Morris' qualifications. We do not recommend him for the position, but he deserves some consideration at the hands of the civic authorities. His promotion would mean the promotion of the whole staff.

## WINNIPEG'S MUNICIPAL REFORM

The city of Winnipeg has made a change in municipal administration which will go into effect when the change is endorsed by the Provincial Government. The city used to have seven wards with fourteen councillors and they were elected in the usual way. The reform consists in cutting down the number of wards to three and increasing the councillors or aldermen to eighteen. The municipal

elections will be held under the proportional representation system with the single transferable vote. This will equalize the voting lists in the three wards and will get down plural voting by about half, as there will be fewer wards in which to vote. Under the old ward system there was much diversity in the number of people resident in each ward.

In Hamilton, for instance, where we have eight wards, some of them have a great many more residents than have others, but they all have the same number of aldermen in the City Council. Why should No. One, Two or Three Wards have as many representatives as No. Eight? By using the proportional representation system of voting all classes will have a chance to be represented in the Council, and if one man fails in electing his candidate his next choice has a chance to be chosen.

This reform in municipal representation should get the consideration of the Hamilton voters. It is coming, and this city should be among the first to get the benefit of the change. Who will make the first move?

## OUR INDIAN POPULATION

In view of the intention of the Dominion Government to pass an Act at this session of Parliament to enfranchise the Indians of Canada, some idea of the number in the country may be interesting. A quinquennial census is taken of the Indian population, the last census having been taken in 1917, prior to which a census was taken annually. The records of the department indicate that there is a slow but steady increase in the Indian population from year to year. The following table shows the Indian population by provinces, according to the census of 1917:

Province	Population
Alberta	8,871
British Columbia	1,894
Manitoba	11,852
New Brunswick	1,946
Ontario	26,411
Prince Edward Island	1,392
Quebec	17,566
Saskatchewan	10,646
Yukon	1,223
Total Indian population	105,598
Esquimaux	2,296
Total number of Indians and Esquimaux	107,894

To the question, what did you do to the great war? The Indians have a ready answer. We will let the Department of Indian Affairs speak for them. He says, in his annual report:

In this year of peace the Indians of Canada may look with just pride upon the part played by them in the great war, both at home and on the field of battle. They have well and nobly upheld the loyal traditions of their gallant ancestors who rendered invaluable service to the British Empire in 1776 and 1812. They have added thereto a heritage of deathless honor which is an example and an inspiration for the descendants. According to the official records of the department more than four thousand Indians enlisted for active service with the Canadian Expeditionary Force. This number represents approximately thirty-five per cent of the Indian male population of the provinces, and it must be remembered, moreover, that the Indians of the Indian enlistment which were not reported to the department. The Indians, as a whole, gave an excellent account of themselves at the front, and their officers have commended them most highly for their courage, intelligence, efficiency, stamina and discipline. In daring and integrity they were second to none and their personal bravery was a source of inspiration to the familiar assertion that the red man has deteriorated.

The fine record of the Indians in the great war appears in a peculiarly favorable light when it is remembered that their services were absolutely voluntary, as they were specially exempted from the operation of the Military Service Act, and that they were prepared to give their lives for their country without compensation or even the fear of compulsion. It must be borne in mind that a large part of the Indian population is located in remote and inaccessible locations, are unacquainted with the English language and were, therefore, not in a position to understand the character of the war, its cause or effect. It is, therefore, a remarkable fact that the percentage of enlistment among the Indians is fully equal to that among other sections of the community and, indeed, far above the average in a number of instances. The inevitable result of the large enlistment among them and of their gallant conduct in the fighting of the war, was the fact that the casualties among them were very heavy, and the Indians, in common with their fellow countrymen of other races, must mourn the loss of many of their most promising young men. The Indians are especially susceptible to tuberculosis, and many of their soldiers who escaped the shell and bullets of the enemy succumbed to this dread disease upon their return to Canada as a result of the hardships to which they were exposed at the front.

## EDITORIAL NOTES

The vertical retort may also be the retort courteous.

Those who believe in greater production are advised to get a seed catalogue.

Who is to be the Canadian Ambassador to Washington? We nominate the Hon. Mr. Rowell.

Brookville has invested in a municipal snowplow. Hamilton still uses the automatic snow shovel.

It might be as well were the Government to leave the Victory bonds to the run of the market.

If Canada is permitted to amend the British North America Act, is there any danger of the Act being abolished altogether?

Does the assassination of the Sinn

## Diamond Buying

Great is the surprise to those who for the first time see the extent and quality of our Diamond stock.

Our splendid display of perfect stones—some loose and some mounted in original and exclusive designs, appeal to those who know and desire the best.

Commenting on this fact the other day, a traveller of reputation said: "You are certainly doing a remarkable Diamond business—and so you should. You have the goods, and believe me, they are hard to get." A fact that everybody in the Diamond business knows.

Think this over and remember you owe it to yourself to see what we have to offer before deciding to purchase elsewhere.

Inspection implies no obligation to purchase. We are at your service.

## KLEIN &amp; BINKLEY

Diamond Merchants  
Jewelers and Opticians  
Issuers of Marriage Licenses.  
36-37 James St. North  
Hamilton.

Pein Lord Mayor of Cork, mean that the Sinn Feiners are to have opposition in the murder business.

Nobody seems very anxious to spend money on this new Canadian navy. But we can scarcely refuse these war vessels Britain is holding out to us.

Sir Adam Beck may be a protectionist but he did not like the Dominion Government charging him 42 per cent duty for goods he imported for the Hydro.

Lloyd George made it plain to the Indian delegation who interviewed him on behalf of Turkey that that country would receive no favors from the allies. It would receive the same treatment as had been meted out to the Christian enemy countries.

It is announced that when Sir Robert Borden returns in May, a new fiscal policy will be introduced into Parliament. It will neither be class legislation nor free trade, and will grant no favors to any one. That must be a funny kind of a tariff. We are anxious to hear more about it.

We have often drawn attention to the smoke nuisance without much result. The Buffalo News said the other day that "Smoke poisoning is a social problem of economic importance to every person that burns coal: smoke represents waste. The greater the volume of smoke, the greater the inefficiency of power of heating units." Hamilton loses many thousands of dollars every year through this smoke nuisance.

Now that the Presidential election is drawing near on the other side of the boundary line politicians of the baser sort are raising false issues and circulating false stories. The Knights of Columbus are suffering from this sort of political warfare, and their pledge is being made public with a view to correct false impressions. Here it is:

I swear to support the Constitution of the United States. I pledge myself, as a Catholic citizen and Knight of Columbus, to enlighten myself fully upon my duties as a citizen and to conscientiously perform such duties entire in the interest of my country and regardless of all personal consequences. I pledge myself to do all in my power to preserve the integrity and purity of the ballot, and to promote reverence and respect for law and order. I promise to practice my religion openly and conscientiously, but without ostentation, and to do so in public places and to conduct myself in public places as to reflect nothing but credit upon our Holy Church, and our country that may flourish and our country prosper to the greater honor and glory of God.

## OTHER PAPERS VIEWS

JUST A POSSIBILITY.

There is just a possibility that the necessity of life will be a little lower by this time next year.

PRETTY GOOD PROOF.

(Kington Standard.)  
That the Overseas Dominions have been given mandates over various territories is pretty good proof of their status in the affairs of the world.

YES, WHY?

(Brantford Expositor.)  
Why has Hearst publications when a viceroy like the Lord of the Sea is permitted, with impunity, to get in its stings at British connections?

JELICOE'S WORTH FOR LAURIER.

(Belleville Ontario.)  
Admiral Jellicoe's record as a shipwreck on the tomb of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. His recommendation on Canadian naval policy is a complete endorsement of the great statesman's plan in 1910.

The "Bourgeois" policy of 1911-1913 is dead and buried.

If it ever was sincerely "We. But the good men do live after them." Sir Wilfrid's patriotic Canadian plan is also Admiral Jellicoe's.

## QUEEN U. S. POLITICS.

(Buffalo Express.)  
It is somewhat amusing to note that most of the senators who on Thursday voted to aid a free-irreland resolution to the peace treaty turned around next day and voted to defeat the treaty.

## A GRAVE CHARGE, TOO.

(Toronto Telegram.)  
The leadership of the Cost of Living Commission states charged with an error or sin of procedure that was impossible that a man having committed such a crime could boast of it to several witnesses. He considered that reasonable proof of the man's innocence, without incurring the risk of being charged with this particular case, it might be pointed out that one degenerate enough to commit such a crime would think nothing of boasting about it.

## HOW'S THIS, YOUR WORSHIP?

(London Advertiser.)  
An Ontario magistrate in acquitting a negro charged with assaulting a fourteen-year-old white girl, says it was impossible that a man having committed such a crime could boast of it to several witnesses. He considered that reasonable proof of the man's innocence, without incurring the risk of being charged with this particular case, it might be pointed out that one degenerate enough to commit such a crime would think nothing of boasting about it.

## SURPRISING.

(Woodstock Sentinel-Review.)  
Hon. Mr. Pelling voices his own sincere conviction, no doubt, when he casts doubt on the wisdom of Canada seeking of affecting a place in the league of nations. It is hard to believe that he speaks for any considerable number of the Canadian people. It may not mean much to Canada, but it is a material way that she has accepted her place among the nations and it may entail responsibility, but the step was a necessary one in the nation's development. It would be natural enough to find a Tory of the old school, if there be any such now, raising his voice in regret over such a development, especially from a Liberal source was scarcely expected.

## THE ONLY WAY.

(New York Evening Sun.)  
The Turk has no place in Europe. He never will, but lest of all he has now when an effort is being made to secure a general peace of humane and modern ideas. The power of Europe, even in a diminished way, can only be an aid and a germination of a new world. The greatest hopes of the war was that this course of nearly five centuries of Ottoman cruelty and vice would be eliminated from the world. It will be a bitter disappointment to all well disposed people and peoples, if it be allowed to remain a potentiality of wickedness and strife.

The Turk in power cannot be trusted. He makes promises, only to break them perfidiously. The only way to make him good is to neutralize him.

## THE FUNNY SIDE

RIGHT.  
Teacher who is teaching the class the alphabet: "Now, Jacky, what comes after 'G'?"  
Jacky: "Chick."

BRIGHT COIN.  
A local Old Lady (about to board a tramcar on a pouring wet day): "Ah, conductor, this is Noah's Ark of yours, full of animals."

QUITE DISTANT.  
Smith: "Is that chap Brown a relation of yours?"  
Brown: "Only a distant relative."

ALMOST FAUX PAS.  
She: "Of course, he married me awfully, but I don't think I showed it. Every time I yawned I just hid it with my hand."

PEACE PACT AND U. S.  
He (trying to be gallant): "Really, I don't need a hand on a small count—er, hand—er, that is, I really wasn't having, isn't it?"

## Present Status of the Matter Explained.

Washington, March 21.—The present status of the peace treaty was explained to-night as follows by Francis Taylor, former United States Ambassador to Spain, and a recognized authority on international law. He said that the peace treaty accepted by the Senate and its return to the President brings the entire matter to an end. The only thing the Senate can do is to initiate a new treaty, which will be subject to the same process as the present one. The practical thing now will be the adoption of the Knox Resolution, which the President will doubtless be passed over the United States and Germany will proceed in their relations on the basis of former treaties and in accordance with the principles of international law.

Our only talisman lies in that concentration of moral force which we call conscience, that small twinkling of the eye which is the light in the dark and the warmth in the cold. This little flame should be the star of our life. It alone can guide our trembling ark across the tumult of the great waters.—Amiel.

J. S. DENNIS, C.M.G.  
CHIEF COMMISSIONER  
COLONIZATION & DEVELOPMENT

W. R. M. AS INNES  
VICE-PRES. IN CHARGE OF TRAFFIC

A. D. M. AS TIER  
VICE-PRES. EASTERN LINES

AUSTRALIA RAISES DISABLED PENSIONS.

Melbourne, March 21.—A Government bill just introduced into the House of Representatives provides for the pensions of permanently disabled soldiers to four pounds weekly for life for unmarried men, to four pounds eight shillings for a man with a wife and no children, to five pounds for a man with a wife and three children. Partially disabled men are to receive 2 guineas weekly.



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Exceptional buying facilities and quantity production make our prices possible. Come to the factory. Suits and Overcoats of extra quality materials cut correctly and accurately according to your measurements. A great variety of styles and an immense stock to choose from.

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## PROMINENT MEN AT C.P.R. BANQUET, TORONTO



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EUROPEAN GENERAL MANAGER

**HON. LIONEL CLARKE**  
LIEUT. GOVERNOR OF ONTARIO

**HON. HENRY MILLS**  
MINISTER OF MINES, ONTARIO

**E. W. BEATTY**  
PRESIDENT  
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

**GRANT HALL**  
VICE-PRESIDENT

**HIS WORSHIP T. L. CHURCH**  
MAYOR OF TORONTO

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VICE-PRES. EASTERN LINES

**BOMB IN ST. KITTS.**  
Attempt to Blow Up Polish Bread Shop.

St. Catharines, Ont., March 20.—A bomb placed in the doorway of a Polish bakery on Faver street, caused considerable damage to that building and broke windows on both sides of the street for some distance when it exploded at 1:30 this morning. The explosion killed just two persons, a wife and child, and injured several others. The bomb contained several large sized railroad spikes, which were driven into the woodwork of the building when the explosion occurred. Operation of the bakery, which is in the rear, will not be impeded.





# OPENING OF CANADA'S PARLIAMENT - WORLD NEWS PICTURES



(1) Opening of the new Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, by the Duke of Devonshire.

(2) The Prince of Wales presents medals to London Firemen.

(3) Prince Albert and Prince Henry at the Cambridge University Steeplechases for the Hunter Challenge Cup, Cottenham, England.

(4) M. Millerand arrives in London for the first time as Premier of France, to attend a meeting of Allied Premiers. He was accompanied by Marshall Foch.

(5) Cross country five-mile race at Salisbury for The King's Cup.

(6) Sightless football players. Wonderful achievements have been accomplished by Birmingham Royal Institute For the Blind at Edgbaston. The sense of sound and direction by these students is remarkable.

## Canadians Mine "Stone For Spinning" Asbestos



Making Asbestos Yarn

The greatest known deposit of asbestos in the world is in the Province of Quebec and the mining of this extraordinary mineral has developed into an important industry. Most of the asbestos mined in Canada is exported to the United States and there manufactured for commercial purposes. A great American industry is thus dependent on the Canadian raw asbestos.

Asbestos derives its name from a Greek word meaning "inconsumable" and although the knowledge of the fire-resisting qualities of asbestos is very ancient, it is only in the last decade that its multitudinous uses have become a matter of common knowledge. Greek and Roman historians tell that the corpses of their kings and heroes, when prepared for cremation, were wrapped in in-

Asbestos  
Dit  
Crude Canadian Chrysotile  
Asbestos, Thedford Mines

combustible blankets to separate them from those of the funeral pyre; Charlemagne attended his guests on some occasions by having a tablecloth made of cotton stone, cleaned after a meal by throwing it into the fire and taking it out unharmed, but it has been put to use only in modern times. The fine quality of Canadian asbestos and the ease with which it can be spun and woven—a very good imitation silk can be made from it—caused American and English capital to investigate the Canadian mines with the result that great mining camps have arisen at Black Lake and Thedford, Canada is now the center of the asbestos mining industry of the world, producing about 75,000 tons yearly, with the value ranging from \$100 a ton for the best grade down to \$10 a ton for the poorest. Asbestos is used in making fire-proof roofing shingles and wall, ceiling and fire-proof walls, asbestos paint, plaster, tiles and even asbestos lumber are used in fire-proof construction. It is commonly used for theatre curtains, fireproof and electrician's gloves, fireproof garments, backing and insulation for steam pipes, boilers, refrigerators and many special purposes. The landscape in the neighborhood of the asbestos mines is curious, transformed by the raw asbestos diet which covers the grass and trees without destroying them. The traveler on the Quebec Central Railway looks out of the car window and discovers himself suddenly in a country of silver grey hues, fields and houses serious and not without charm.















# THE QUESTION IS OFTEN ASKED "Who Is This Dr. Chase?"

The Interesting Life Story of a Practising Physician of Remarkable Skill,  
Whose Well-Known Medicines and Receipt Book Have Made  
Him Famous Throughout the Civilized World

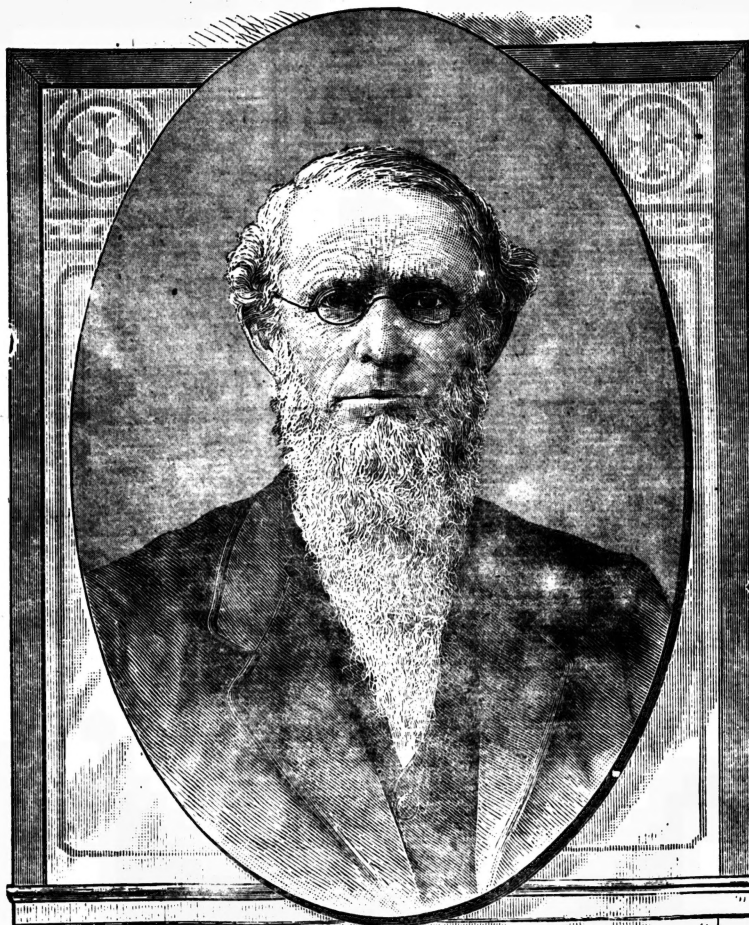
Nature undoubtedly intended Dr. A. W. Chase to be a healer of the sick, for from childhood his efforts were bent in this direction. Any crumb of knowledge regarding the human body and its diseases was eagerly grasped and carefully preserved for future use so that by the time he graduated from the Eclectic College of Medicine, Cincinnati, Ohio, and from the State University at Ann Arbor, Mich., he was qualified as few physicians are when beginning the practice of medicine.

Dr. Alvin Wood Chase was born in the County of Cayuga, N. Y., and spent his boyhood in the vicinity of Buffalo, where he received his early education in a log school house. Even then, it is said, he outstripped his fellow students and entertained the wish to study medicine.

After completing his medical education, Dr. Chase travelled throughout the greater part of Canada and the United States, gaining wonderful experience and invaluable information before he settled down to make his home at Ann Arbor, Mich.

His success in private practice, his scientific investigations in search of better treatments, his work of collecting all the most successful prescriptions known to the profession, the publication of his now world-famous Receipt Book, the discovery of the great family medicines and the perfecting of them by tests made in his own practice, all these are incidents in a busy life of work for the benefit of humanity.

Dr. Chase became one of the most prosperous and well-to-do citizens of Ann Arbor, and was noted for his large gifts to educational and benevolent enterprises. News of his remarkable success in treating kidney and liver disorders, nervous troubles and



other forms of serious diseases soon spread abroad and brought appeals for help from all over Canada and the United States.

He began sending medicines to persons at a distance, but soon found it impossible to keep up with the demand on his time, and so resolved to put up his greatest prescriptions in convenient form for home treatment and to place these in the hands of local dealers.

This effort to simplify medical treatment and save the too-often unreasonable doctor's bills met with a storm of opposition from members of the medical profession, who feared the effect on their practice and looked with envy on the wonderful success of Dr. Chase.

The many large gifts of Dr. Chase to all worthy objects prove that it was no mere desire for money-making that led him to so place on the market his great discoveries. Like a true physician, as he was, he thought most of relieving the suffering of his fellow-men.

As the details of manufacturing and distributing the remedies increased, it was found advisable to form the Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., of which Edman-son, Bates & Co., Ltd., are proprietors, with offices and laboratories in Toronto, Can., and Buffalo, N.Y.

The success which has crowned the efforts of Dr. Chase to alleviate the sufferings of humanity has been most extraordinary. His name is now spoken with reverence in hundreds of thousands of homes. His Receipt Book remains today the most useful household work that was ever published and has a circulation second only to that of the Bible. His great Family Medicines have won the confidence of the people the world over, and have established a record of cures that is unparalleled in the history of medicine. It would be difficult to imagine a more useful life than that of Dr. Chase.

## "The Greatest Good to the Greatest Number"

"The greatest good to the greatest number" is the motto which the doctor kept before him throughout life, and in spite of strenuous opposition from fellow practitioners who desired, for the sake of greater financial gain, to keep the practice of medicine shrouded in mystery, he introduced his favorite prescriptions to the general public and published his now world-famous Receipt Book in order that all might read and learn the nature and cause of their ailments and apply the most effective treatment.

